

IRELAND



TARGET ADEQUACY:

4.1/45

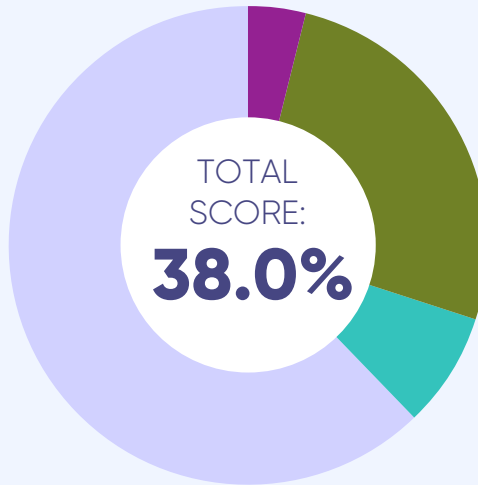
1.1. 2030 Non-ETS GHG targets	1.5
1.2. National 2030 GHG target	1.0
1.3. 2030 Renewable Energy target	0.0
1.4. 2030 Energy Efficiency targets	0.0
1.5. National 2050 target	1.6



PROCESS QUALITY:

7.8/10

3.1. Effective stakeholder inputs	5.6
3.2. Compliance	2.2

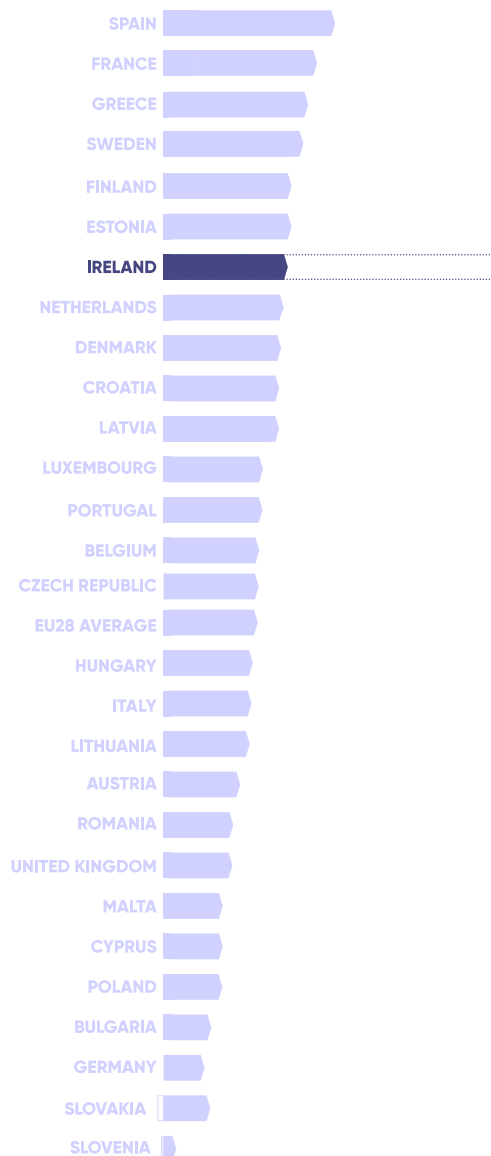


POLICY DETAILS:

26.1/45

2.1. Policies and Measures (PAMs) for achieving non-ETS GHG targets	3.8
2.2. Policies and Measures (PAMs) for achieving RES targets	5.7
2.3. Policies and Measures (PAMs) for achieving EE targets	3.3
2.4. Coal use	5.0
2.5. Phase out of fossil fuel subsidies	1.6
2.6.1. Investment data	4.0
2.6.2. Finance measures	2.7

- ✓ Mentions coal phase-out by 2030 with existing measures, and by 2025 with additional measures.
- ✓ The NECP contains quantified information on sustainable biomass use. Limited imports are assumed.
- ✓ Public consultations were conducted and open to stakeholders from all sectors and society groups. However, no summary of the public's views is attached.
- ✓ The NECP contains details information on financial measures for policies and measures but not in detail for all the three target areas.
- ✓ The NECP provides information specifically about fossil fuel subsidies, including details on existing subsidies, but does not mention a planned phase-out.
- ✗ Existing policies and planned policies will not be enough to meet the non-ETS greenhouse gas emissions, the renewables and the energy efficiency targets.
- ✗ The Paris agreement is mentioned but there is no explicit reference to a national 2050 target nor to the need for the NECP to be coherent with a national 2050 strategy.



This scorecard is the outcome of a ranking exercise of the draft National Energy and Climate Plans (NECPs) of the 28 EU Member States. It is based on the information provided directly in the draft NECPs.

The underlying assessment focuses on three core dimensions: the adequacy of the communicated climate and energy targets, the detail of the policy descriptions, and the quality of the NECP drafting process.

It is not a full impact assessment and does not evaluate the likely effectiveness of the presented existing or additional policies or the accuracy of the information provided.

For more information on the analysis carried out please see the report "Planning for Net Zero: Assessing the draft National Energy and Climate Plans", May 2019.

www.europeanclimate.org/national-climate-plans-2030